

ST. JOHNS HERALD

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J. F. WALLACE,
EDITOR AND MANAGER.

St. Johns, Thursday, September 8,

TERRITORIAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

HEADQUARTERS TERRITORIAL DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL COMMITTEE.
Tucson, Ariz., Aug. 18, 1932.

A Territorial Democratic Convention is hereby called to meet at Flagstaff on Wednesday, the 21st day of September, 1932, for the purpose of nominating a Democratic candidate for Congress; one Joint Councilman; select a Territorial Central Committee and elect the Chairman and Secretary of said committee, and transact such other and further business as said convention may deem proper. The delegates from the different counties shall be selected by the regular Democratic conventions or by primaries held under direction of the County Democratic Central Committee.

The apportionment of delegates to said Territorial Convention is as follows:

Apache	6
Cochise	6
Cocconino	4
Gila	4
Maricopa	11
Mohave	2
Pinal	7
Pima	7
Yavapai	8
Yuma	2

L. M. JACOBS, Chairman,
Ter. Dem. Cen. Com.
J. E. WALKER, Secretary.

COUNTY DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

HEADQUARTERS COUNTY DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL COMMITTEE.
St. Johns, Ariz., Sept. 1, 1932.

A County Democratic Convention is hereby called to meet at Winslow on Monday, the 19th day of September, 1932, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates as follows: One member of the Council, two members of the Assembly, one Sheriff and ex-officio Assessor, one Treasurer and ex-officio Tax Collector, one Probate Judge, one District Attorney, one Recorder, two members of the Board of Supervisors and one County Surveyor. Also to elect six delegates to the Territorial Democratic Convention to be held at Flagstaff on September 21st, and also to select a County Democratic Central Committee, and elect a Chairman and Secretary thereof, and transact such other and further business as said Convention may deem proper.

Primaries will be held in the various precincts of the county on Saturday, the 10th day of September.

The apportionment of delegates to the said County Convention is as follows:

Alpine	1
Apache	1
El Tule	1
Concho	2
Holbrook	3
Navajo	2
Nutrisio	2
Pinetop	2
Pinedale	1
St. Johns	4
Springville	4
Snowflake	3
Show Low	2
St. Joseph	1
Taylor	2
Winslow	4
Woodruff	1

J. T. LESUEUR, Chairman,
Co. Dem. Cen. Com.
J. F. WALLACE, Secretary.

A BALLOONIST at Staunton, Va., fell 500 feet and is still alive.

TEXAS State troops are highly complimented by an inspecting officer of the army.

THE Government has established 22 cholera inspection stations on the Canadian frontier.

A CANNON made by King George's government was dredged up from the bottom of the Potomac.

It is said the Philadelphia and Reading road has inaugurated a crusade against the Brotherhood of Locomotive engineers.

THE Treasury Department has approved the Missouri River Commission's plans for the expenditure of \$600,000.

SENATOR MILLS, in a letter to the Dallas News, says he regards Hogg as the Democratic nominee for Governor of Texas and as such will support him.

REPRESENTATIVE SCOTT WIKELost a pocketbook containing \$5,000 in the House post office last February. It has just been found by Assistant Postmaster Ross.

HEPBURN, ex-Congressman from Iowa, now in the Treasury Department, got his son reinstated after discharge from a Government position for incompetency, by good work for Harrison at Minneapolis.

THE proposition of Illinois to stop immigration by Presidential proclamation is found to be impractical, but it may do so under the general police powers of the State, if found necessary for protection from cholera.

In a recent battle in Venezuela 800 Government troops attacked 2,500 rebels, and after an all-day's fight 1,500 men were killed, the Government troops cutting their way out with only 300 men left.

Mrs. A. E. N. ROBERTSON, of Muscogee, Indian Territory, has just finished translating the New Testament into the language of the Creek Indians, from the original Greek. The University of Ohio has bestowed upon her the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, in recognition of her scholarship.

THE opinion that Hon. Frank Cox, of Phoenix, will defeat Mark Smith for nominee for delegate to congress in the Democratic convention is gaining ground.—Nogales Record.

Hon. Frank Cox is an able man, a good sound Democrat and would make an excellent representative at Washington not only for the party but for Arizona. Notwithstanding the above facts and the additional fact that Mr. Cox is exceedingly popular wherever known, we do not believe he could defeat Mark for the nomination should he want it. But, if he does get the nomination, the mantle could not fall on abler shoulders, and we know no one whom we would rather see succeed our present delegate.

THE following, which we clip from an exchange, has been known to the boys who have followed the trail for many years: It is said that when cattle utter the roar which is the sign of an approaching stampede, they are often checked in what would prove a "headlong rush over the plains" by everyone on watch beginning to sing, which at once quiets the nervous animals. Strangely enough hymns, of which the cowboys know a great number, are most used on these occasions.

THE origin of fruit canning, it is said, was first known to the Pompeians, and to them are we indebted for our knowledge of the industry. When excavations were first made on the site of the old city, jars of figs were discovered by a party of Americans. When these were opened the contents were found to be as perfect as when poured into the jar nineteen centuries before. Investigation showed that the fruit had been put into the jar when heated, and sealed over after the steam had been allowed to escape. The following year saw the establishment of canning factories all over the United States.

An associated dispatch says: One of the most important questions to be discussed at the meeting of the general manager of the western roads to be held in Chicago on the 7th of next month is that of live stock rates and the question of the efficacy of the system of charging by weight. Superintendent Carman, of the western weighing association, has discovered the rankest kind of irregularities under the present system. He claims that cars are often underbilled to the extent of 50 per cent. This is worse than anything that ever existed under the old plan of charging by the carload, and it is probable that at the meeting it will be decided to go back to the old plan, which before resulted in greatly increasing the size of stock cars, every road desiring the advantage of having the biggest cars. If it is decided to go back to the old system, provision will probably be made for charging different rates for different sized cars.

ORIGINALLY "gotten off" for the pure fun of the thing, jokes have now become a regular article of merchandise, and the professional joker sells these products of his brain at prices ranging from twenty cents to two dollars and fifty cents apiece, and a joke which is easily illustrated often brings as high as five dollars. The magazines and papers which pay for their jokes have regular prices. Professional jokers send a supply of from ten to fifty jokes to the papers paying best, and the editor in charge of that department chooses those which suit him, and sends back the rest. These are then sent to the next best paying publication and so on, until they reach the papers which pay but fifty cents. Such as are then

returned the joker considers useless. A professional joker can make about one hundred jokes a week, and as joke-making must soon become a habit, perhaps the brain is not too greatly tasked in their manufacture.

An exchange says: The streets and public grounds of Washington are shaded by over seventy thousand trees, including eight hundred varieties and species, some of which are to be found nowhere else in America. These trees have been planted by many illustrious men, from the first President to the present one. There are in the city 331 large and small reservations, the latter being formed by the intersection of avenues, which radiate from the Capitol and White House, with the regular streets. In all, these cover an aggregate of 900 acres, all of which are covered with trees, the care of which, with the nurseries and propagating gardens, costs \$75,000 annually.

THE following special dispatch to the San Francisco Examiner from Salt Lake City, dated August 30th, is very significant just at this juncture, as it shows the feeling of the Administration. The dispatch is as follows:

The United States Marshal of Utah, Elias H. Parsons, has been asked by Attorney General Miller for his resignation. Parsons' first intimation of his official decapitation came in the shape of a telegram which said that an explanation would follow by mail. Another telegram received from Miller today instructs the Marshal to forward his resignation by mail.

While the news created some stir in political circles it is not entirely unexpected. It has been known for some time that there had been strong influences working to depose Parsons. He has never been popular, and it has been frequently charged that he secured his appointment by deceiving President Harrison in regard to his indorsement for the position. When the announcement was made that he had been appointed there was great surprise expressed. No one could explain how it had been compassed.

Since his induction into office he has been in hot water. There has been scarcely a month when his name has not been connected with some scandal. One charge against him was that he had an arrangement with the Mormon Church not to arrest its members who might be guilty of polygamy. He will send in his resignation to take effect as soon as his successor qualifies. William Nelson, managing editor of the Tribune, and Henry Page, Secretary of the Utah Commission, are mentioned to succeed him.

Following the report of Parsons' dismissal a rumor spread on the street and in legal circles that the Judges of the Federal Court, Anderson and Blackburn, had also been asked by Attorney General Miller for their resignations. The impression prevails that there are good reasons for the report. Anderson was appointed by Cleveland and Blackburn by Harrison. The reasons assigned for these removals are that the Administration is thoroughly dissatisfied with the conduct of judicial affairs in Utah. Both Judges are liked here by the people, lawyers and litigants.

Cubero Grant.

In the case of the Cubero land grant, Mr. Justice Fuller rendered the decision of the court, which was concurred in by all the justices. The decision is very important and able and far reaching in that it settles the question of the right of the Atlantic & Pacific railroad to tracts of land granted it by congress in 1866 in the charter to the road.

The attorneys for the people of Cubero, Col. Max Frost and Mr. Geo. Hill Howard, of Santa Fe, and Messrs. Jeffreys and Earl, Washington, proved that the tract was settled in 1832, in accordance with a decree from the then Governor Francisco Sarracino, by the claimants, then being seventy or more in number; that it had been in undisputed possession of claimants ever since, that all conditions of the grant had been complied with, that the origi-

nal grant papers were lost, but that they had been in existence and were either destroyed or lost by the alcalde of the town prior to the American occupation. They claimed that the grant was perfect at the time of the cession of the territory to this government and that the Atlantic & Pacific railroad company had no right or claim whatsoever to the odd sections contained within the limits of the grant, as the land was claimed and occupied and in adverse possession to the railroad grant in 1846, and also in 1866, the date of the road's charter, and March 12, 1872, the date of the definite location of the road.

Messrs. Frost and Howard also established in the case the loss and destruction of certain archives during the regime of Governor Pyle, which archives it is believed contained valuable papers bearing on grant and other matters.

Mr. Chief Justice Reed visited the tract in question in person and took the testimony of the old men and most important witnesses then and there, as these old men were too infirm and weak to be moved to Santa Fe. Two of these old men, original grantees and settlers and fathers of some of the present claimants, have since died.

United States Attorney Reynolds contended that there was no grant and that none such had been proved. The Atlantic & Pacific Railroad company filed an intervenor, claiming that it was entitled to the right of way and the odd sections within the grant, as such were given it by a subsequent act of congress. Capt. N. C. Sterry, general counsel, and Karl A. Snyder, assistant counsel, appeared for the railroad.

A number of witnesses were examined for the claimants and a few for the United States. Two of the witnesses examined for the claimants were over 100 years old, and two were between 80 and 90 years of age.

The court this morning in its decision sustained the grant, declared it a perfect grant, that it was valid at the time of the cession and acquisition of New Mexico by the United States, that it was properly made, that the grant papers were lost or destroyed, that the grant was made for the lands within the boundaries claimed, that as the land in question was at time of the definite location of the Atlantic & Pacific railroad not public land and not free from claims or prior grants, it could not be granted by the United States to the railroad, and that a decree should be entered up giving and confirming the entire claim, including the odd sections of land within it, to the people of the town of Cubero, except the right of way of 200 feet in width which right of way was held to be good to the railroad, the grant claimants laying no claim thereto. It was ordered that a decree be drawn in accordance with the decision.

This case is of vast importance as it settles, as far as the court of private land claims is concerned, the rights of the Atlantic & Pacific railroad to the odd sections of land lying within unconfirmed Spanish and Mexican land grants and claims west of the Rio Grande, which were sub-judice, and as fully one-half of the grants claimed are in that section of New Mexico.

The decision is deemed so far reaching in its results that, more than likely, the United States attorney will carry it up to have the questions finally passed upon by the supreme court of the United States.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

There are now 130 women in the Berlin telephone exchanges. It has been decided to use only women in the future, as it has been found that their voices are much more audible than men's, owing to the higher pitch.

Texas corn crop is the largest ever raised in that State.

A Smart Man

Will not hobble around on crutches when he can cure his Rheumatism with one bottle of Dr. Drummond's Lightning Remedy, costing only \$5, but worth \$100. Enterprising Druggists keep it, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price, by the Drummond Medicine Co., 48-50 Maiden Lane, New York. Agents wanted.

The American laborer in the most highly protected industries goes upon a strike against the lowering of his wages, wearing a cap taxed 50 per cent, a shirt taxed 80 per cent, and a suit of clothes taxed 100 per cent. He talks the situation over with his wife, and until the sheriff distrains on him for his rent herests his feet, wearing shoes taxed 15 per cent on a carpet taxed 50 per cent. He cuts the bacon produced by the unprotected farmer with a knife taxed 100 per cent, and if his wife cries over their prospects she wipes her eyes with a handkerchief taxed 55 per cent. If she does not persuade him to go back to work at lower wages his place is supplied by the foreign pauper labor of Bohemia or Poland, and he has leisure to reflect how protection helps him.—Flagstaff Democrat.

The field of mining excitement will be in Arizona. Since the hostile Indians have been removed from the hitherto unexplored rich mineral region where all the valuable metals are known to exist, we may reasonably expect railroads to aid in the development, and mines and springs of water long concealed by the crafty Indians, will be disclosed by the adventurous pale face, and millions of treasure revealed. A climate most favorable for development must soon make Arizona the favorite field for the prospectors and its mountains, foothills and plains full of gold ore and golden sands, will become the wonder of the world.—Chicago Business Register.

Mr. E. W. Thomas, formerly of the Thomas' ice cream parlors, is now in the Superstition mountains engaged in a work usually deemed strange to woman's sphere. She is prospecting for a lost mine, to the location of which she believes she holds the key. But somehow, she has failed, after two months work to locate the bonanza, though aided by two men. The story of the mine is founded upon the usual death bed revelations of the ancient miner usual in such cases. There is also a lost cabin connected with it. Its location is supposed to be a short distance back from the west-end of the main Superstition mountains.—Phoenix Gazette.

A welcome rainstorm visited this section Tuesday last. A few miles northeast of Globe following the Apache mountains and a line passing two and a half miles east of Gilson's the storm raged with unwonted fury. The large arroyo debouching upon Pinal valley north of Horrell's was filled by an angry flood which swept down Pinal valley with irresistible force causing some damage to property at Wheatfields. A man who attempted to ford the torrent came very near losing his life, and the horse he rode was considerably injured.—Globe Silver Belt.

The Republicans are busily engaged just at present trying to find some one to accept the nomination for delegate to congress against Mark Smith. Wolfey belongs to the "left" wing. Murphy is a candidate for the senate and Cheyney is a defeated letter writing candidate. Murphy won't have it, Wolfey can't get it and Cheyney is afraid. Who will it be?—Nogales Record.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last four years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

NOTICE.

In compliance with Act No. 7 of the Acts of the Fifteenth Legislative Assembly, the Board hereby requires a re-registration of the voters of Apache County for the next ensuing election. By order of the Board of Supervisors of Apache County.
CHAS. JARVIS, Clerk.
St. Johns, April 4, 1932.

A GOLD WATCH AND \$304.
That is what every agent receives who gets up a club on our \$1 per week. Our 14-karat gold-filled cases are warranted for 20 years. Fine Elgin or Waltham movement. Stem wind and set. Lady's or Gent's size. Equal to any \$50 watch. To secure agents where we have none, we sell one of our Hunting Case Watches for the Club Price, \$28, and send C. O. D. by express with privilege of examination before paying for same. Our agent at Durham, N. C., writes: "Our jewelers have confessed they do not know how you can furnish such work for the money."
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St. Johns, Ariz.

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BALDWIN & JOHNSTON.
Attorneys-at-Law,
Prescott, A. T.
Will practice in all the courts in Arizona, and will attend regular terms of the District Courts in Apache and Mohave counties.

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St. Johns, Arizona.
Office in the building formerly occupied by Dr. Dalby.

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GREATEST VALUE ON EARTH.
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LUIS CHAVES, PROPRIETOR.
Will keep constantly on hand the very best of
Wines & Liquors.
ALSO THE CHOICEST
Brands of Cigars.

It is his intention to keep a quiet, orderly house, and to extend courteous treatment to his customers. fel3 ly
Notice to Creditors.

ESTATE OF AUBIAM ENGWOLSON, DECEASED.
Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Aubiam Engwolson, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said administrator at his office in Springerville, Apache county, Arizona, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate.
GUSTAV BECKER,
Administrator.
Dated July 9, 1932.

Dissolution Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the firm of Hamill & Roach, has this day been dissolved, by mutual consent. T. M. Hamill having purchased the interest of M. L. Roach. The business will be continued by T. M. Hamill, who will collect all bills and pay all outstanding accounts of the late firm of Hamill & Roach.
T. M. HAMILL,
M. L. ROACH.
Winslow, Ariz., Aug. 19, 1932.

NOTICE.

I am now ready to redeem two jail bonds, on presentation to me at my office in the court house at St. Johns. Interest on said bonds will cease on and after this date.
W. H. GIBBONS,
Treasurer.
St. Johns, Sept. 6, 1932.